# HISTORY OF DRUG INTOLERANCE IN A RANDOM SAMPLE OF YOUNG POLES



R. SPIEWAK, A. HOROCH, A. GORA, N. M. STOJEK, M. JAROSZ INSTYTUT MEDYCYNY WSI, LUBLIN



#### **QUESTION:**

What is the frequency of drug intolerance reactions among adolescents and young adults?

STUDY GROUP: 134 randomly selected farming students: (51 F, 83 M, aged 16-23 (median 19) years.

### **METHODS:**

- questionnaire
  - history of allergic diseaseshistory of drug intolerance
- ♦ total IgE
- Phadiatop



## **RESULTS:**

- History of drug intolerance reported by 9.7% (95%CI 4.7-14.7%)
  Table 1
- ♦ Atopy found in 35.3% (95% CI: 27.3-43.3%) Table 2
- No significant correlation between history of drug intolerance and other variables Table 3

Table 1 Drug intolerance was reported by 13 persons

Intolerance to	N	
Penicillin	5	
Doxycyclin	1	
Cefadroxil	1	
Unspecified antibiotics	2	
TOTALANTIBIOTICS		9
ASA	4	
Metamizole	1	
Amimophenazone	1	
TOTAL NSAID's		5

Table 2. Allergy among surveyed students

Factor		Found in
Atopy		35.3%
Allergic skin disease	on examination	5.9%
	ever	28.7%
Allergic rhinitis	on examination	12.7%
	ever	16.4%
Asthma	on examination	2.2%
	ever	8.8%



Table 3. Analysis of possible risk factors

Intolerance to	Female Gender	IgE > 120 kU/l	Phadiatop	History of dermatitis	History of allergic	History of asthma
all drugs	1	p=1.00	p=0.75	p=0.19	p=0.51	p=0.13
antibiotics		p=1.00	p=0.47	p=0.27	p=1.00	p=0.07

#### **CONCLUSION:**

Every tenth Polish youth experienced in his/her life at least one episode of drug intolerance.

More information at: www.RadoslawSpiewak.net more data, more reprints, more science

http://www.RadoslawSpiewak.net/a04-05.htm

XXIII EAACI Congress 12-16 June 2004 Amsterdam